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.(Beiranvand *et al.*, 2004)

- .(Stohlgren, 2007)

.(Pilehvar, 2007)

.(Jazirehi and Rstaqy, 2003 Makhdoom, 1997)

(Ito *et al.*, 2004)

.(Majnounian, 1996)

.(Nath *et al.*, 1998)

() (Ehrlich & Wilson,
1991)

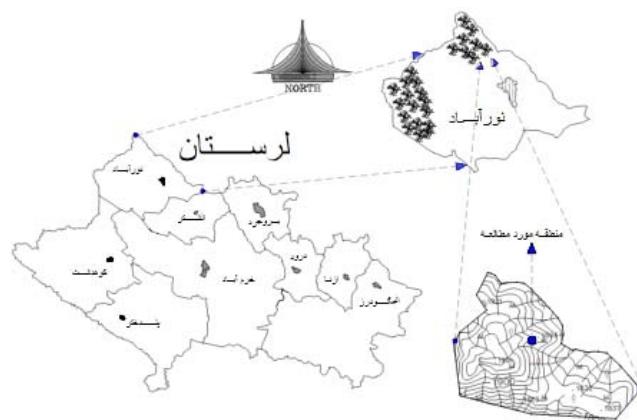
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.(Lindenmayer *et al.*, 2006)

.(Beiranvand *et al.*, 2004)

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.(& Cooperrider, 1994



(Stohlgren, 2007)

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.(Beiranvand *et al.*, 2004)

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.(Barnes, 1998)

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Guest & Townsend,) (Davis, 1965-1988)

(Zohary & Dothan, 1960-1986) (1960

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(Asadi *et al.*, 1988-2007)

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³ Running mean

⁴ Sheldon

⁵ Pielou

² Micro plot

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Fabaceae

Poaceae *Umbelliferae* *Asteraceae*

Rosaceae *Lamiaceae*

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Caryophyllaceae *Rubiaceae*

()

⁶ Shannon - Weaver

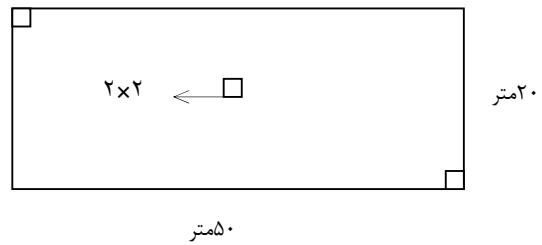
⁶ Simpson

⁷ Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

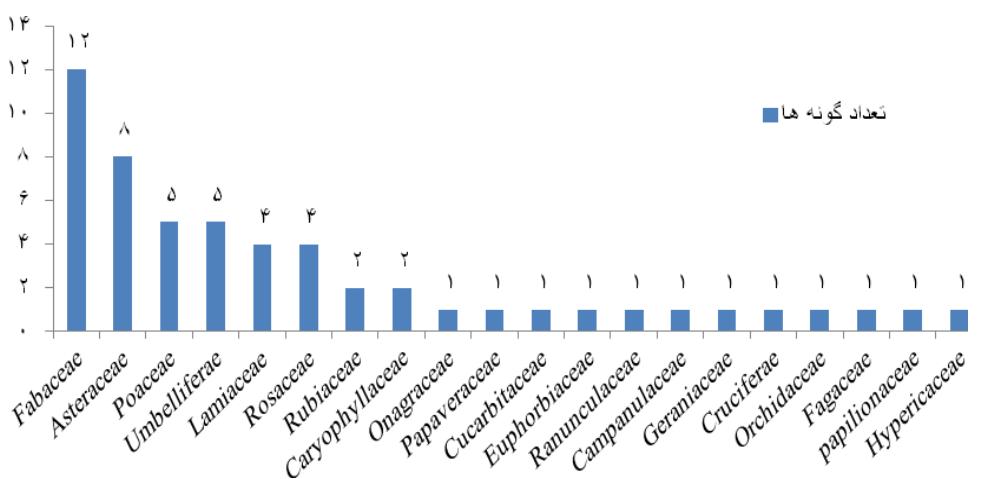
⁸ One-Way-ANOVA

⁹ Duncan

¹⁰ Dunnett's T3



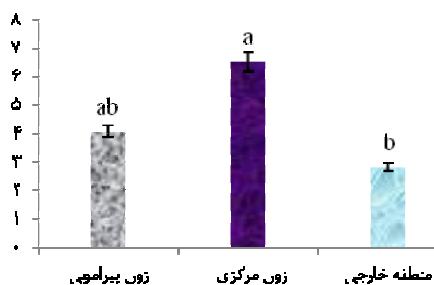
| i | =S | $E_2 = \frac{e^{H'}}{S}$ (Sheldon, 1969) | Sheldon |
|---|-----------------|---|----------------|
| | =N | $J' = \frac{[-\sum p_i \ln p_i]}{\ln s}$ (peet, 1974) | Pielou |
| | =e | | |
| | =H' | $1 - D = 1 - \sum_{i=1}^s \left(\frac{n_i(n_i - 1)}{N(N-1)} \right)$ (Pielou, 1969) | Simpson |
| | =n _i | $H' = - \sum_{i=1}^s p_i \times \ln(p_i)$ (Barnes, 1998) | Shannon-Weaner |
| | =p _i | $D_D = - \sum_{i=1}^s (p_i)^2$ (Barnes, 1998) | Dominance D |



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| Family | Species | L. Form |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| Asteraceae | <i>Matricaria recutita</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Crepis pulchra</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Trifolium scabrum</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Lasiopogon muscoides</i> | Th |
| Umbelliferae | <i>Torilis radiata</i> | Th |
| Hypericaceae | <i>Hypericum scabrum</i> | Geo |
| Asteraceae | <i>Picnomon acarna</i> | Th |
| Poaceae | <i>Bromus scoparius</i> | Th |
| Poaceae | <i>Heteranthelium piliferum</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Centaurea solstitialis</i> | Th |
| Caryophyllaceae | <i>Minuartia hamata</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Geropogon hybridus</i> | Th |
| Orchidaceae | <i>Himenoglossum affine</i> | Geo |
| Fabaceae | <i>Trifolium campestre</i> | Th |
| Cruciferae | <i>Alyssum desertorum</i> | Th |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Galium parisiense</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Lathyrus inconspicuus</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Centaurea iberica</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Medicago rigidula</i> | Th |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Sideritis montana</i> | Th |
| Geraniaceae | <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> | Th |
| Poaceae | <i>Hordeum bulbosum</i> | Geo |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Ziziphora capitata</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Astragalus hamosus</i> | Th |
| Poaceae | <i>Lophochloa phleoides</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Trifolium spomusum</i> | Th |
| Rubiaceae | <i>Galium tricornatum</i> | Th |
| Umbelliferae | <i>Bonium luristanicum</i> | Geo |
| Umbelliferae | <i>Torilis leptophylla</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Lotus corniculatus</i> | Th |
| Campanulaceae | <i>Campanula ceciliae</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Onobrychys melanotrichus</i> | Hem |
| Ranunculaceae | <i>Nigella oxypetala</i> | Th |
| Umbelliferae | <i>Falcaria vulgaris</i> | Hem |
| Fabaceae | <i>Trifolium vavilovii</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Vicia villosa</i> | Hem |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Phlomis olivieri</i> | Geo |
| Lamiaceae | <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> | Th |

| | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| Fabaceae | <i>Trigonella macroglochin</i> | Th |
| Asteraceae | <i>Rhagadiolus stellatus</i> | Th |
| Euphorbiaceae | <i>Euphorbia sororia</i> | Th |
| Cucarbitaceae | <i>Bryonia multiflora</i> | Geo |
| Papaveraceae | <i>Papaver rhoes</i> | Th |
| Umbelliferae | <i>Eryngium creticum</i> | Hem |
| Onagraceae | <i>Epilobium minutiflorum</i> | Geo |
| Caryophyllaceae | <i>Dianthus austroiranicus</i> | Ch |
| papilionaceae | <i>Vicia narbonensis</i> | Th |
| Poaceae | <i>Triticum aestivum</i> | Th |
| Fabaceae | <i>Lens orientalis</i> | Th |
| Rosaceae | <i>Cerasus microcarpa</i> | Ph |
| Fagaceae | <i>Quercus brantii var persica</i> | Ph |
| Rosaceae | <i>Amygdalus reuteri Boiss</i> | Ph () |
| Rosaceae | <i>Pyrus glabra Boiss.</i> | Ph |
| Rosaceae | <i>Crataegus aronia</i> | Ph |



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.(Jobidon, 2004)

Busing ,Kirby Garna

Bond (1983) .(Nagaike *et al.*, 2003)

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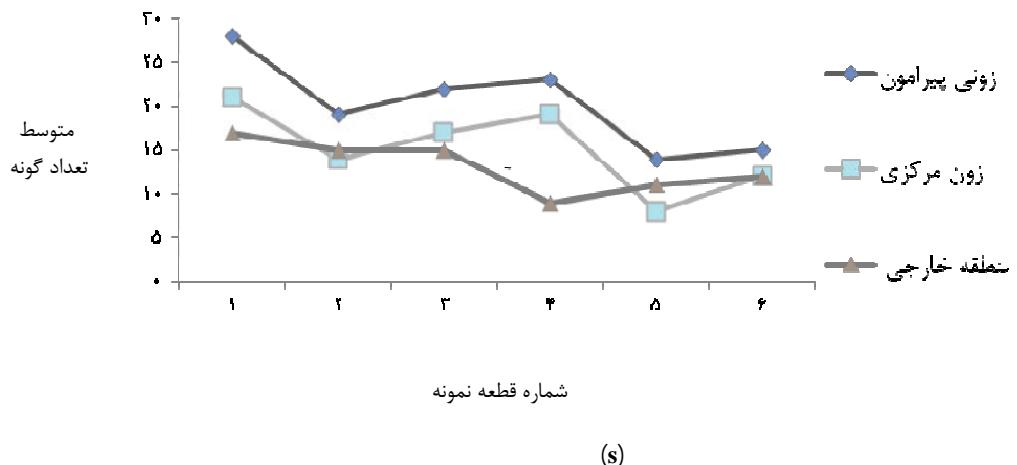
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Stohlgren *et al* (2005) Grime (1974)

| غله | | پایلو | | شلدون | | سیمپسون | | شانون- وینر | | نوع شاخص |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------|---------|--------------|
| P-value | میانگین | P-value | میانگین | P-value | میانگین | P-value | میانگین | P-value | میانگین | ناحیه رویشی |
| * .0/.049 | .0/235 | ** .0/.00 | .773 | ** .0/.00 | .0/581 | * .0/.049 | .0/764 | .0/872 | .0/941 | زون پیرامونی |
| .0/168 | .0/219 | | .827 | | .0/687 | | .0/780 | | .0/928 | زون مرکزی |
| | | | .907 | | .0/819 | | .0/831 | | .0/981 | منطقه خارجی |



| شانون-وینر | | سیمپسون | | منهینیک | | مارگالف | | شدلون | | پایلو | | غلبه | | نوع شاخص |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------------|
| P | میانگین | P | میانگین | P | میانگین | P | میانگین | P | میانگین | P | میانگین | P | میانگین | ناحیه رویشی |
| .0/266 | .0/485 | .0/407 | .0/185 | .0/316 | .0/317 | .0/120 | .972 | .0/246 | .0/687 | .0/568 | .0/483 | .0/770 | .0/871 | زون پیرامونی |
| | .0/243 | | .0/128 | | | .0/130 | | .0/316 | .0/863 | .0/394 | .0/185 | | | زون مرکزی |
| | | | | | | .0/162 | | .0/290 | .0/563 | .0/275 | | | | منطقه خارجی |

Heteranthelium piliferum

Ardekani , 2006)

(Vahab-Zadeh, 2003

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 Mesdaghy and ()

Burton *et al* (1997)

(Sadegh nejad, 2000

(Pourbabaei, 1999)

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Wesenbeeck., *et al* (2003)

Bazzaz, (1975)

Heteranthelium

piliferum

Attiwill, 1994, Resica *et al.*, 1994, Larsen, 1995,)
(Halpern and Spies, 1995

.(Lindenmayer *et al.*, 2006)

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Effects of Reserve Management on Woody and Ground Flora Diversity (Case Study: Chamhesar Pear Forest Reserve)

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Abstract

Forest reserves are one of the most important approaches in ecosystem management in Iran. In order to determine the effects of reserve management on plants diversity (woody plants and ground flora) in three zones (core zone, buffer zone, and transmission zone of Chamhesar pear forest reserve), we mapped land form units. Then 18 main sampling units ($20 \times 50 = 1000 \text{ m}^2$) distributed randomly were chosen to measure tree canopy covers and record species richness in three zones. There were three subsamples ($2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ m}^2$) in each main sampling unit to record ground flora richness (54 subsamples in total). Dominance, richness, evenness and diversity indices were calculated and compared. The results showed that in a time period of six years, reserve management had no effects on woody plant diversity and solely lead to canopy cover improvement. Reserve management increased dominancy and species richness in one hand and on the other hand decreased evenness and diversity of ground flora.

Keywords: Biodiversity, Reserve management, Chamhesar, Delfan, Lorestan, Pear

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